

Ontology-Mediated Queries for Probabilistic Databases

*Stefan Borgwardt*¹, *İsmail İlkan Ceylan*¹, *Thomas Lukasiewicz*²

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1



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DRESDEN

2



UNIVERSITY OF
OXFORD

A photograph of a large, curved library with multiple levels of bookshelves filled with books. The lighting is warm and the perspective is from within the library, looking down the curve.

Google's Knowledge Vault

NELL

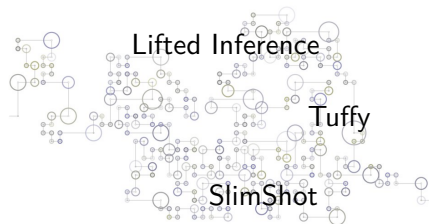
DeepDive



Google's Knowledge Vault

NELL

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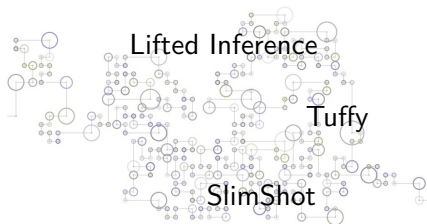




Google's Knowledge Vault

NELL

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Probabilistic Databases (PDBs)

Writer

Banks	0.8
Hamilton	0.7
⋮	⋮

AuthorOf

Banks	Excession	0.9
Banks	Inversions	0.8
Stephenson	Anathem	0.9
⋮	⋮	

Novel

Anathem	1
Matter	0.7
⋮	⋮

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Possible worlds $\mathcal{D}$: $\text{Writer}(\text{Banks})$, $\text{AuthorOf}(\text{Banks}, \text{Excession})$, ...

Finite

Writer

Banks	0.8
Hamilton	0.7
$\vdots$	$\vdots$

AuthorOf

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Possible worlds $\mathcal{D}$: $\text{Writer}(\text{Banks})$, $\text{AuthorOf}(\text{Banks}, \text{Excession})$, ...

Probability $P(\mathcal{D})$: 0.8 · $(1 - 0.9)$ · · · ·

Finite

Tuple-independent

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Probability $P(\mathcal{D})$: 0.8 $\cdot$ $(1 - 0.9)$ $\dots$

Tuple-independent

Probabilistic query evaluation

Q: $\exists x. \text{AuthorOf}(\text{Banks}, x)$

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$Q: \exists x. \text{AuthorOf}(\text{Banks}, x)$

$$P(Q) = \sum_{\mathcal{D} \models Q} P(\mathcal{D})$$

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$Q: \exists x. \text{AuthorOf}(\text{Banks}, x)$

$$P(Q) = \sum_{\mathcal{D} \models Q} P(\mathcal{D}) = 0.8 \cdot (1 - 0.9) \cdot 0.8 \cdot \dots + \dots = 0.98$$

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$$P(\exists x. \text{AuthorOf}(\text{Banks}, x) \wedge \text{Novel}(x)) = 0$$

Closed-world

Open-World Probabilistic Databases (OpenPDBs)

(Ceylan, Darwiche, and Van den Broeck 2016)

$$\text{OpenPDB} = \text{PDB} + \lambda$$
$$P(\text{Novel}(\text{Excession})) \in [0, \lambda]$$

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$\leadsto$ credal set of probability distributions P

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Lower and upper probability

$$\underline{P}(Q) = \min_P P(Q) \quad \bar{P}(Q) = \max_P P(Q)$$

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$$\overline{P}(\exists x. \text{AuthorOf}(\text{Banks}, x) \wedge \text{Novel}(x)) = 0.8372$$

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Data complexity dichotomy

Deciding $\overline{P}(Q) > p$ is either in P (“safe”) or PP -complete (“unsafe”).
(Ceylan, Darwiche, and Van den Broeck 2016; Dalvi and Suciu 2012)

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Writer(Stephenson)

[0, 0.7]

Writer(Anathem)

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Writer(Stephenson)

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$\text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{Writer}(x) \quad \text{Writer}(x) \wedge \text{Novel}(x) \rightarrow \perp$

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[0, 0.7]

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Ontology-Mediated Queries (OMQs)

(UCQ Q , Datalog $^{\pm}$ program Σ)

$\text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{Writer}(x)$

Semantics for positive OMQs

$$P(Q, \Sigma) = \sum_{\mathcal{D} \models (Q, \Sigma)} P(\mathcal{D})$$

$$\text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{Writer}(x)$$

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$$\underline{P}(\text{Writer}(\text{Stephenson})) = 0.9$$

$$\overline{P}(\text{Writer}(\text{Stephenson})) = 0.9 + 0.1 \cdot 0.7 = 0.97$$

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$$\underline{P}(\text{Writer}(\text{Stephenson})) = 0.9$$

$$\overline{P}(\text{Writer}(\text{Stephenson})) = 0.9 + 0.1 \cdot 0.7 = 0.97$$

Dichotomy

For FO-rewritable positive OMQs (Q, Σ) ,

deciding $\overline{P}(Q, \Sigma) > p$ is either **in P** or **PP-complete**.

$$(Q, \Sigma) \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad Q_\Sigma \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \overline{P}(Q_\Sigma)$$

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$\text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{Writer}(x)$

$\text{CharacterIn}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{LiteraryCharacter}(x)$

$\exists x. \text{Writer}(x) \wedge \text{LiteraryCharacter}(x)$

$$(Q, \Sigma) \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad Q_\Sigma \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \overline{P}(Q_\Sigma)$$

$\text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{Writer}(x)$

$\text{CharacterIn}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{LiteraryCharacter}(x)$

$\exists x. \text{Writer}(x) \wedge \text{LiteraryCharacter}(x)$

$\Downarrow$

$\exists x, y, z. \text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \wedge \text{CharacterIn}(x, z) \wedge \text{Novel}(z)$

$$(Q, \Sigma) \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad Q_\Sigma \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \overline{P}(Q_\Sigma)$$

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$$\text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y) \rightarrow \text{Writer}(x)$$

$$\exists x, y. \text{Writer}(x) \wedge \text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y)$$

$$(Q, \Sigma) \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad Q_\Sigma \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \overline{P}(Q_\Sigma)$$

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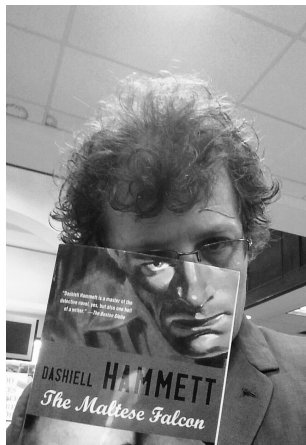
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$$\Downarrow$$

$$\exists x, y. \text{AuthorOf}(x, y) \wedge \text{Novel}(y)$$

$$\text{Writer}(x) \wedge \text{Novel}(x) \rightarrow \perp$$



$$\text{Writer}(x) \wedge \text{Novel}(x) \rightarrow \perp$$

Semantics with negative constraints

$$\bar{P}(Q, \Sigma) = \max_P \frac{P(Q, \Sigma) - P(\perp, \Sigma)}{1 - P(\perp, \Sigma)}$$

$$\text{Writer}(x) \wedge \text{Novel}(x) \rightarrow \perp$$

Semantics with negative constraints

$$\bar{P}(Q, \Sigma) = \max_P \{P(Q, \Sigma) \mid P_{>0} \text{ consistent with } \Sigma\}$$

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$$\underline{P}(\text{Writer}(\text{Anathem})) = 0$$

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Hardness result

For guarded Datalog programs,

deciding $\overline{P}(Q, \Sigma) > p$ is **NP^{PP}-complete** (**PP-complete** for PDBs).

$$\exists x_1, \dots, x_\ell. C^c y_1, \dots, y_m. \phi$$

Summary

Enriched OpenPDBs with ontology-based semantics

Lifted P/PP dichotomy for FO-rewritable positive OMQs

Negative constraints make it NP^{PP} -hard for guarded Datalog

Combined complexity results: $PP^{NP}/NP^{PP}/\dots/2-ExpTime$

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Open problems

Positive (Q, Σ) not FO-rewritable $\Rightarrow PP$ -hard? (Jung and Lutz 2012)

(Q, Σ) FO-rewritable $\Rightarrow$ dichotomy?

Knowledge compilation or approximation techniques for NP^{PP} -problems?

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Thank you!

- Borgwardt, Stefan, İsmail İlkan Ceylan, and Thomas Lukasiewicz (2017). "Ontology-Mediated Queries for Probabilistic Databases". In: *Proc. of the 31st AAAI Conf. on Artificial Intelligence (AAAI'17)*, pages 1063–1069.
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